

# Nutrient Rich "Hot Spots" Across the Sierran Front to the Cascades

## CABNR TEAM:

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# Nutrient Rich "Hot Spots" Across the Sierran Front to the Cascades



## ● Introduction

- Biogeochemical “hot spots” or “hot moments”
  - Transport of Nutrients (Nitrogen (N) and Phosphorus (P))
  - Calcium ( $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ ), Magnesium ( $\text{Mg}^{2+}$ ), Potassium ( $\text{K}^+$ )

## ● Past /Current Research

- Biologically available N and P traveling from the O horizon along preferential flow paths (Miller et al., 2005)
- Identified the periodic presence of nutrient rich “hot spots/moments” within the soil matrix; albeit the spatio-temporal scale was uncertain (Johnson et al., 2011).



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- Goal of this Research

- To develop a better understanding of water flow and nutrient infiltration patterns across the Sierra Nevada Mountain Range.
- Potential Cause of Excess Nutrients
- Management Strategies

- Primary Objectives

- Biogeochemical “Hot Spots”
  - Presence or absence
  - Chemical composition
  - Geographic distribution



# Nutrient Rich "Hot Spots" Across the Sierran Front to the Cascades

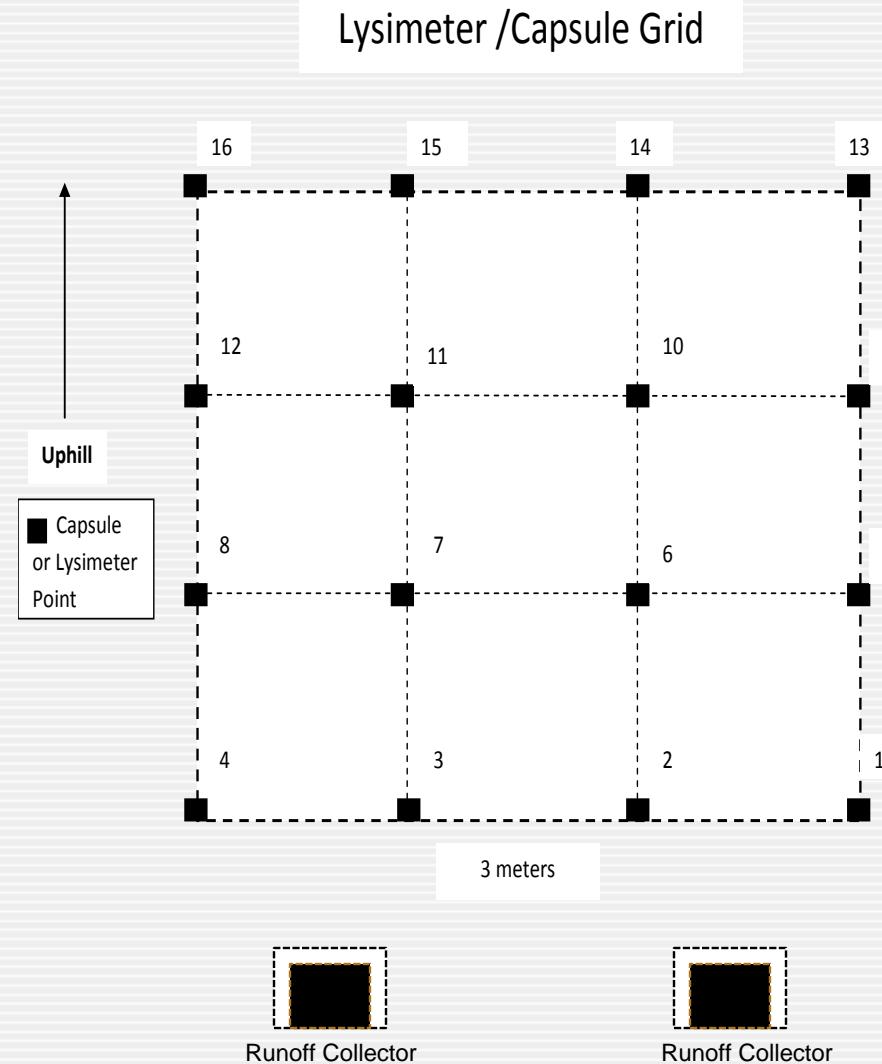
- Project Design
  - 5 Study Locations:
    - Castle Lake, CA
    - Sagehen, CA
    - Truckee, CA
    - Little Valley, NV
    - Kings River, CA



# Project Design: Controlled Grid Analysis

## ○ Controlled Grid Plots

- 2-9m<sup>2</sup> , 16 points
  - Resin Lysimeters
  - Resin Capsules
- 2 Settings:
  - Upland Forested Ecotone
  - Transition/Variable Down-Gradient Ecotone

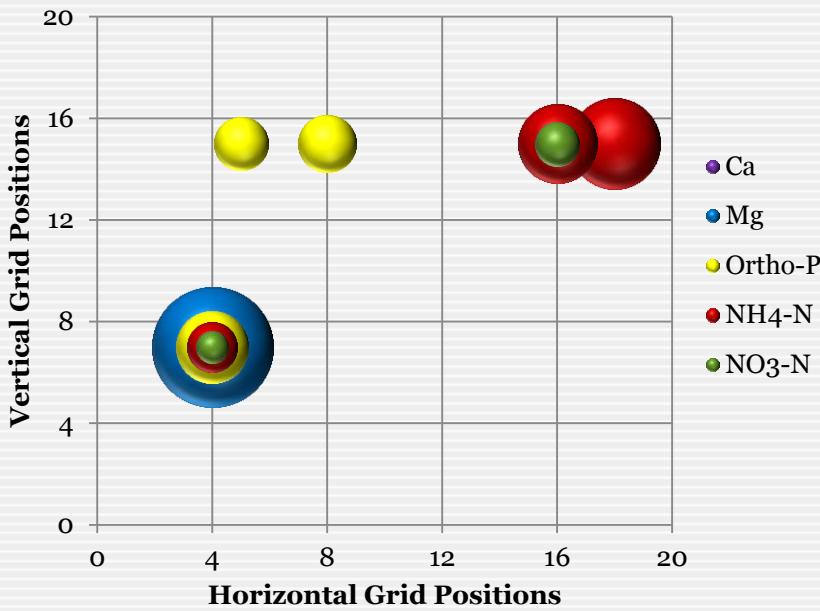


# 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> Year Capsule Results Moderate and Extreme Outliers

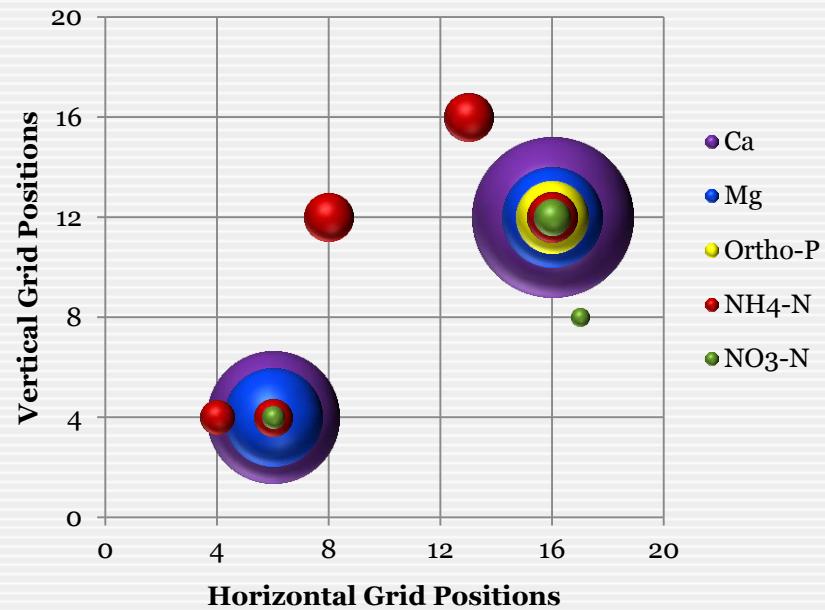


~ 9 m<sup>2</sup> Most Nutrients Would Correlate at a Grid Point

Nutrient "Hot Spot" Detection at the TR  
Site 1st Yr. (umol/cm<sup>2</sup>)



Nutrient "Hot Spot" Detection at TR  
Site 2nd Yr. (umol/cm<sup>2</sup>)



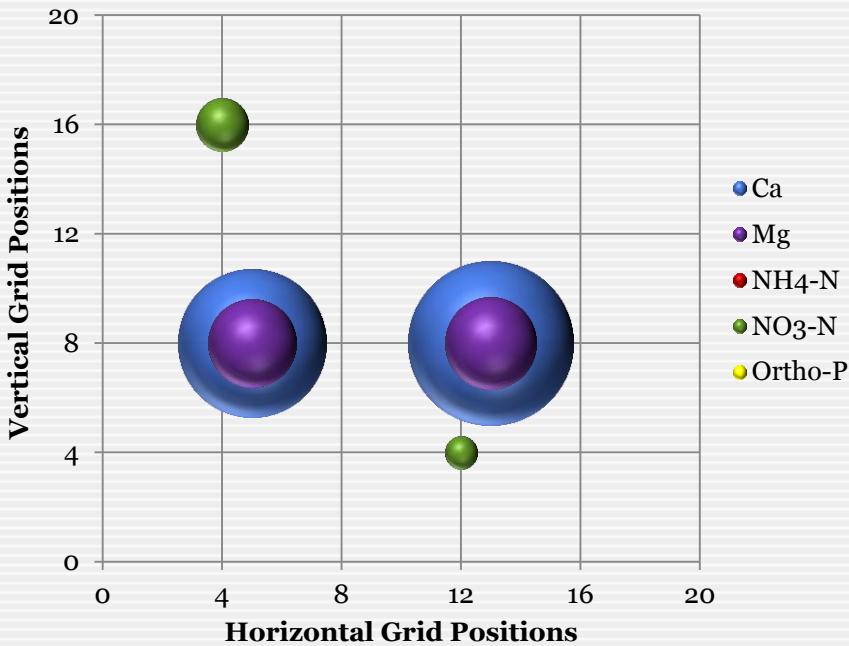
# Capsule Grid Results

## Moderate and Extreme Outliers

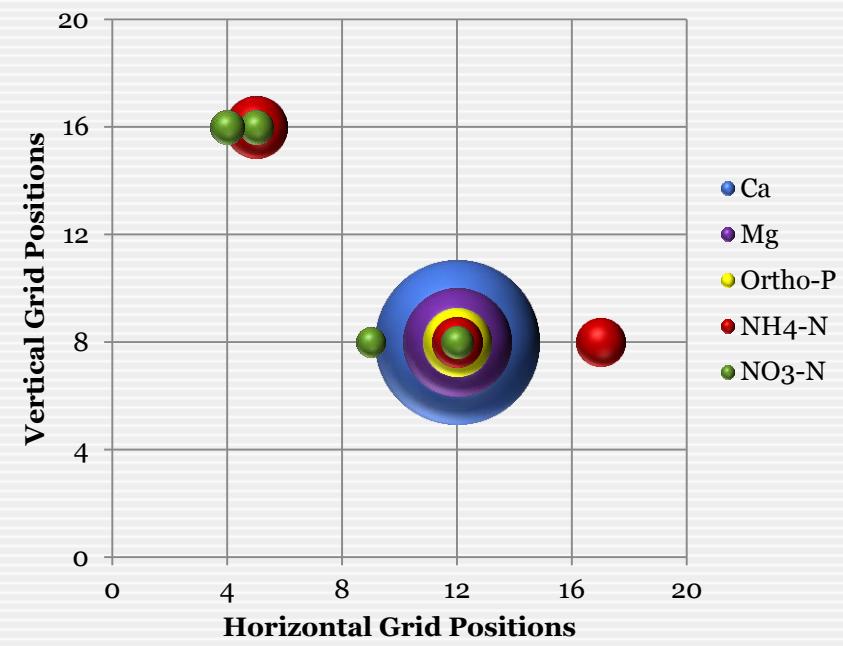


~ 256 Grid Points only 4 Points Detected Similar High Nutrient Fluxes (1.5%)

**Nutrient "Hot Spot" Detection at the LVJP Site 1st Yr. (umol/cm<sup>2</sup>)**



**Nutrient "Hot Spot" Detection at the LVJP Site 2nd Yr. (umol/cm<sup>2</sup>)**

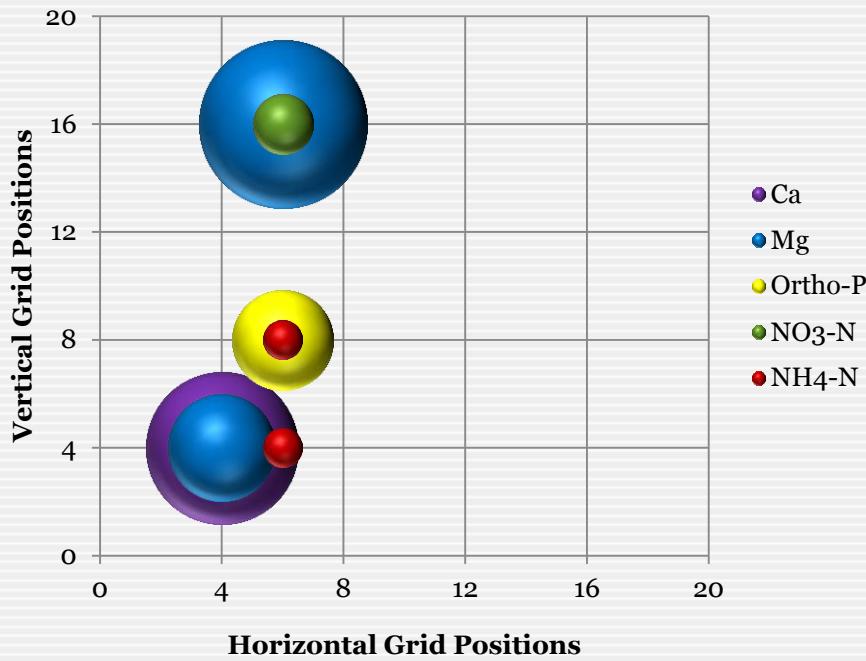


# Capsule Grid Results

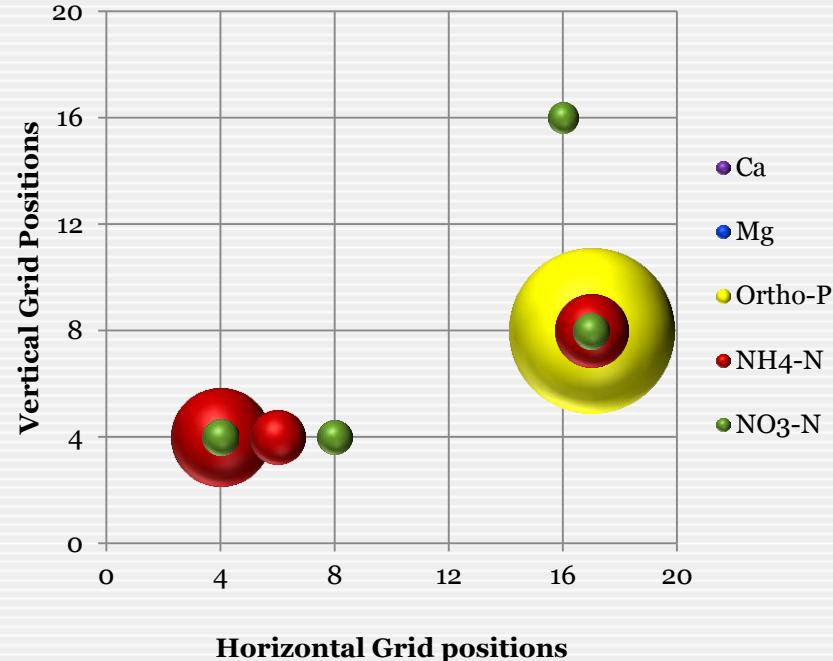
## Moderate and Extreme Outliers



**Nutrient "Hot Spot" Detection at the  
SL Site 1st Yr. (umol/cm<sup>2</sup>)**



**Nutrient "Hot Spot" Detection at the  
SL Site 2nd Yr. (umol/cm<sup>2</sup>)**

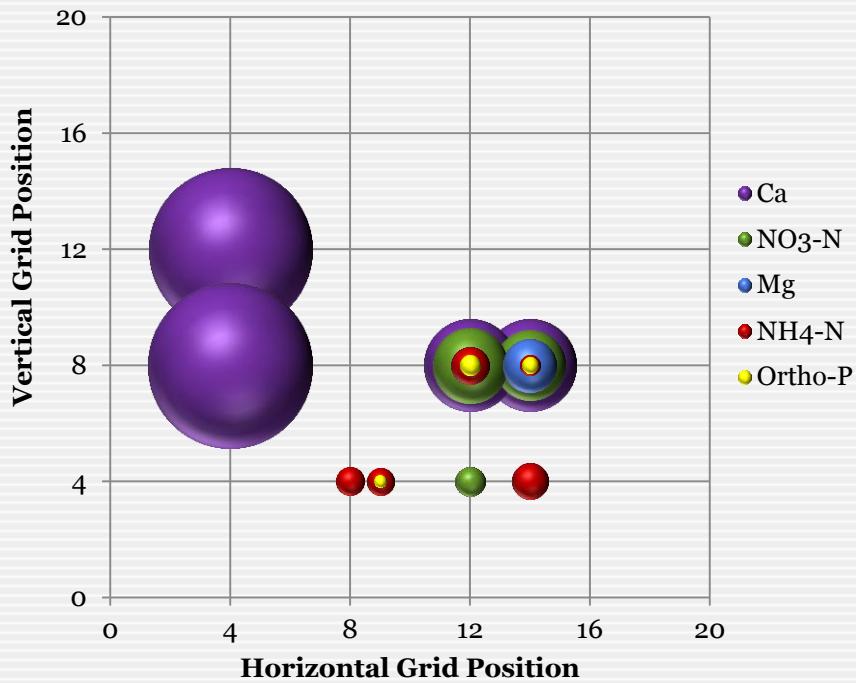


# Capsule Grid Results

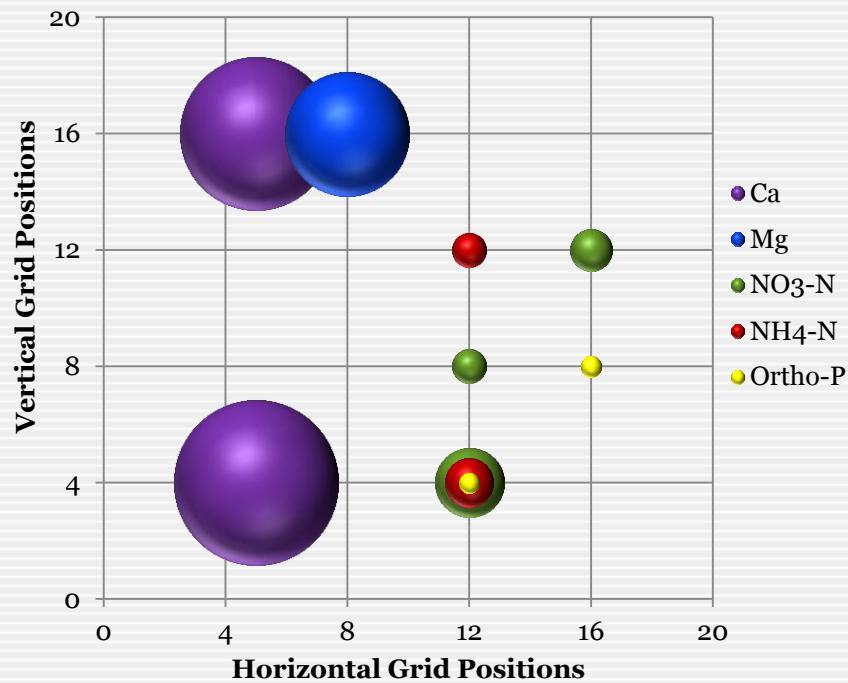
## Moderate and Extreme Outliers



**Nutrient "Hot Spot" Detection at CL  
Site 1st yr. (umol/cm<sup>2</sup>)**

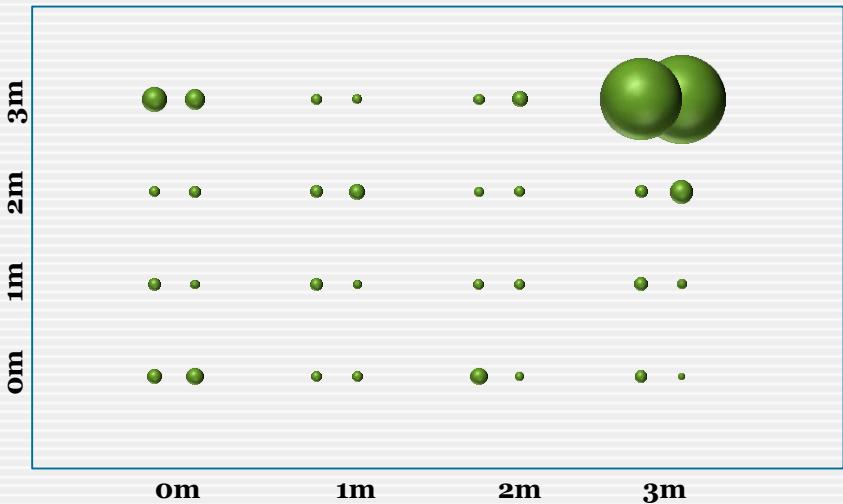


**Nutrient "Hot spot" Detection at CL  
Site 2nd Yr. (umol/cm<sup>2</sup>)**

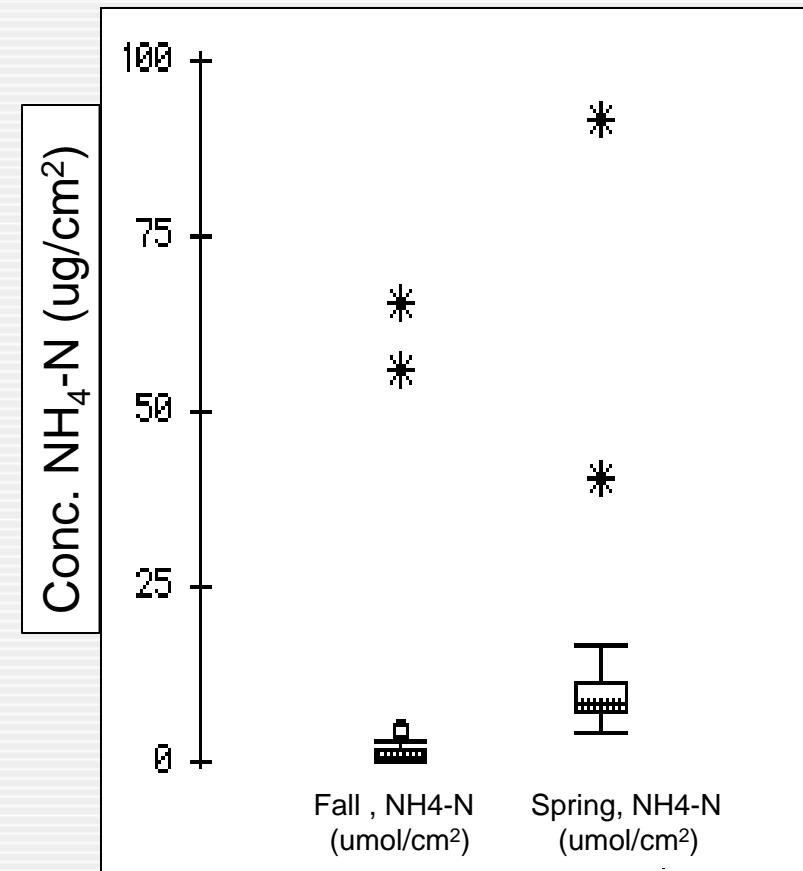
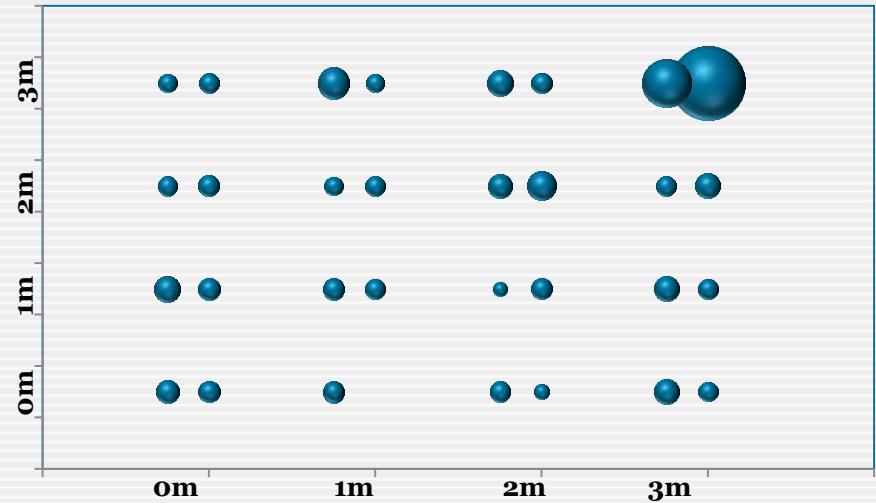


# Truckee Capsule Grids

NH<sub>4</sub>-N (umol/cm<sup>2</sup>) Fall Collection 2009



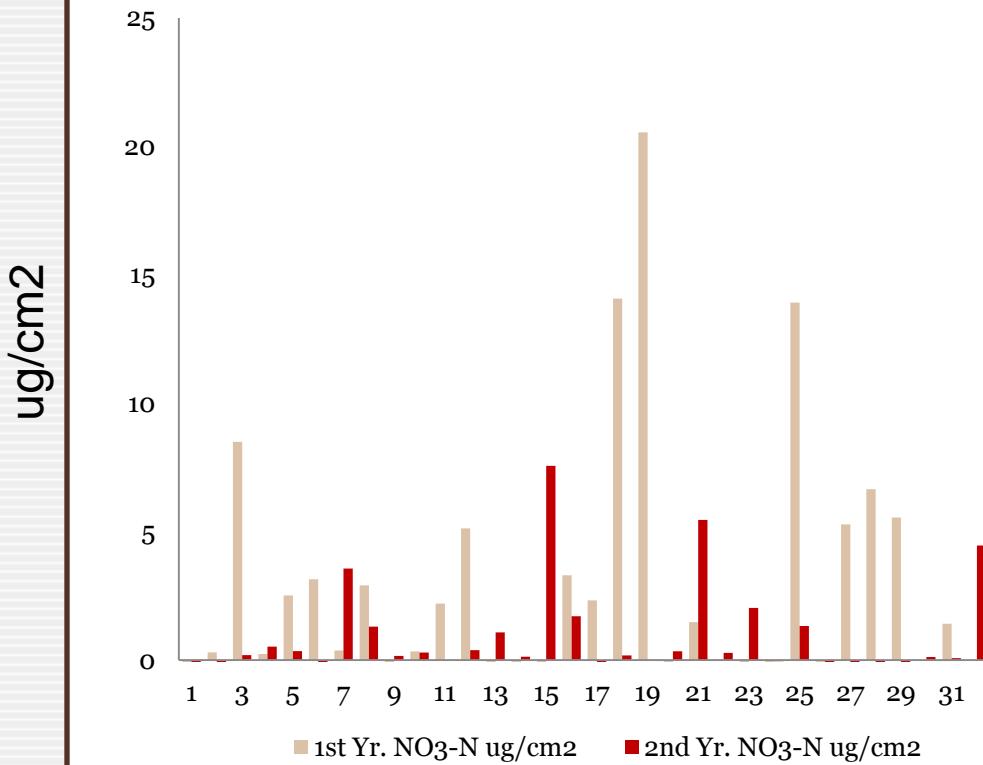
NH<sub>4</sub>-N (umol/cm<sup>2</sup>) Spring Collection 2010



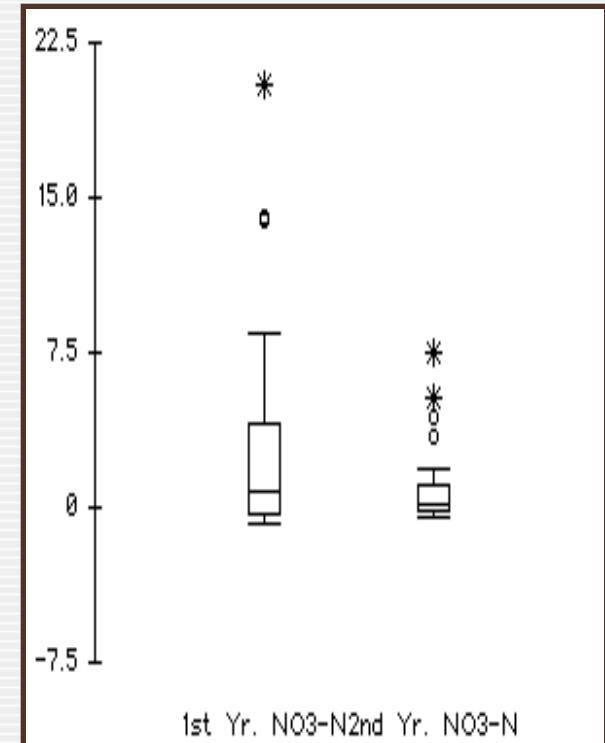
# Capsule Grid Fall Analysis



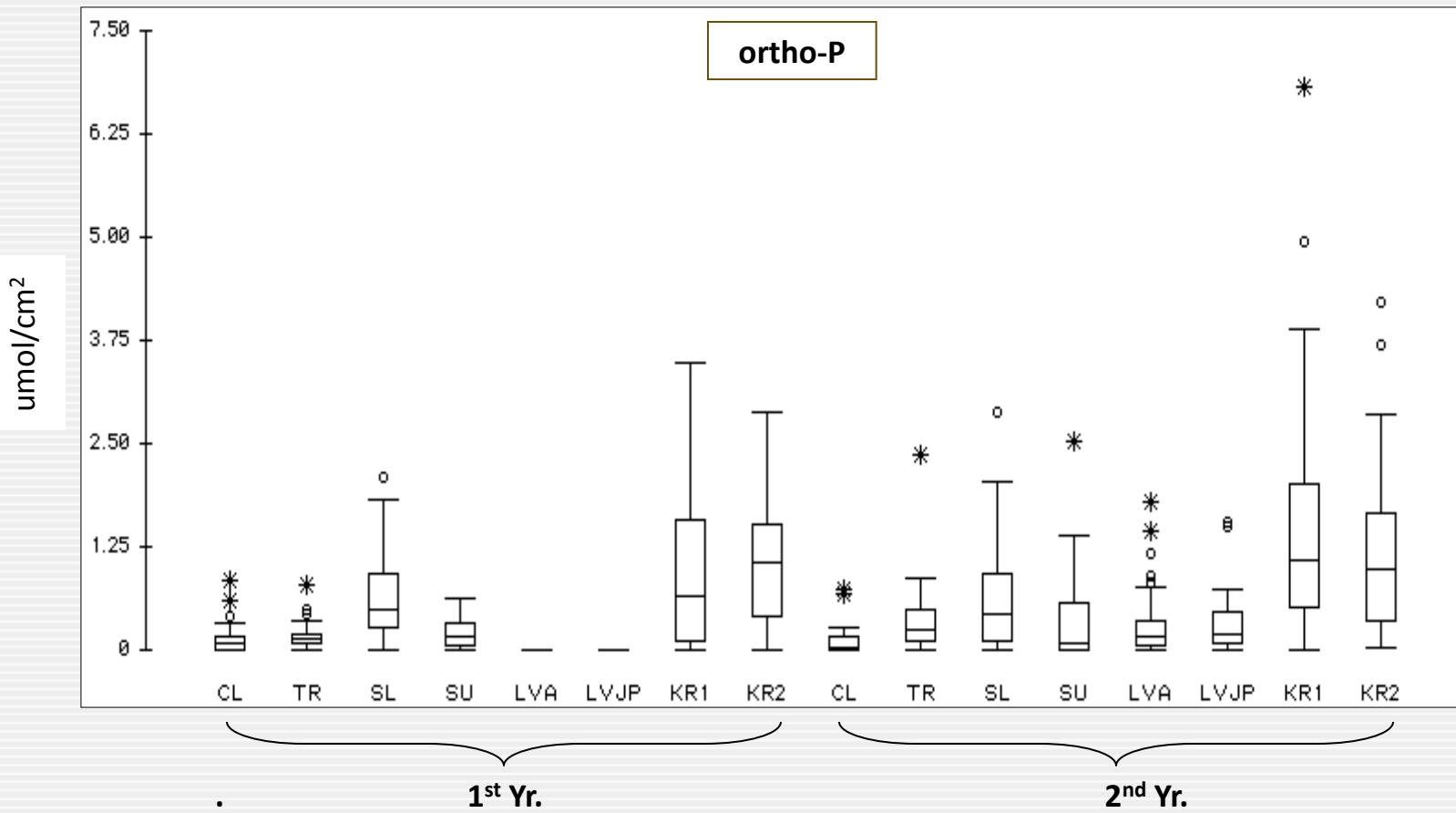
## Sagehen Upland Site

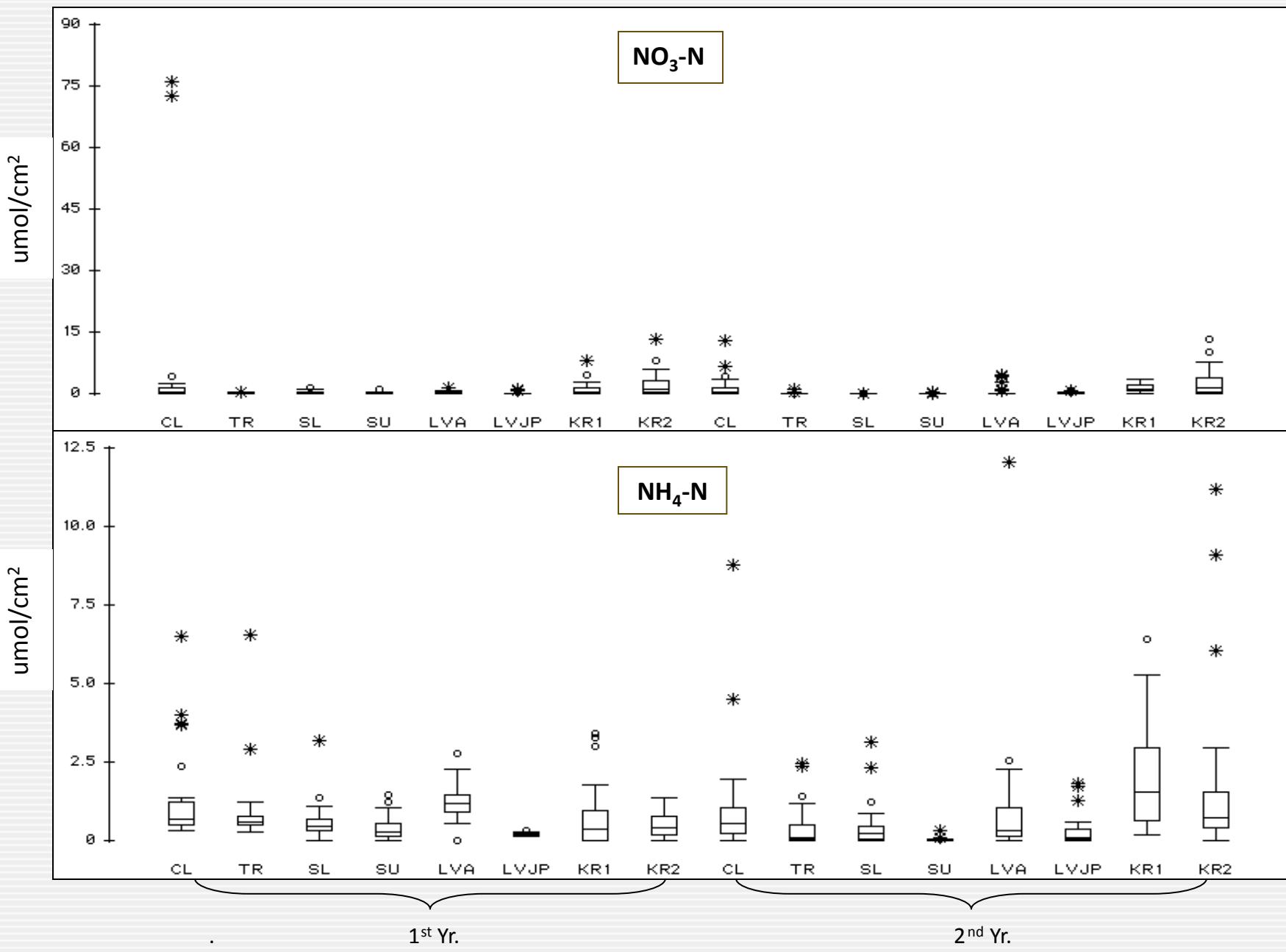


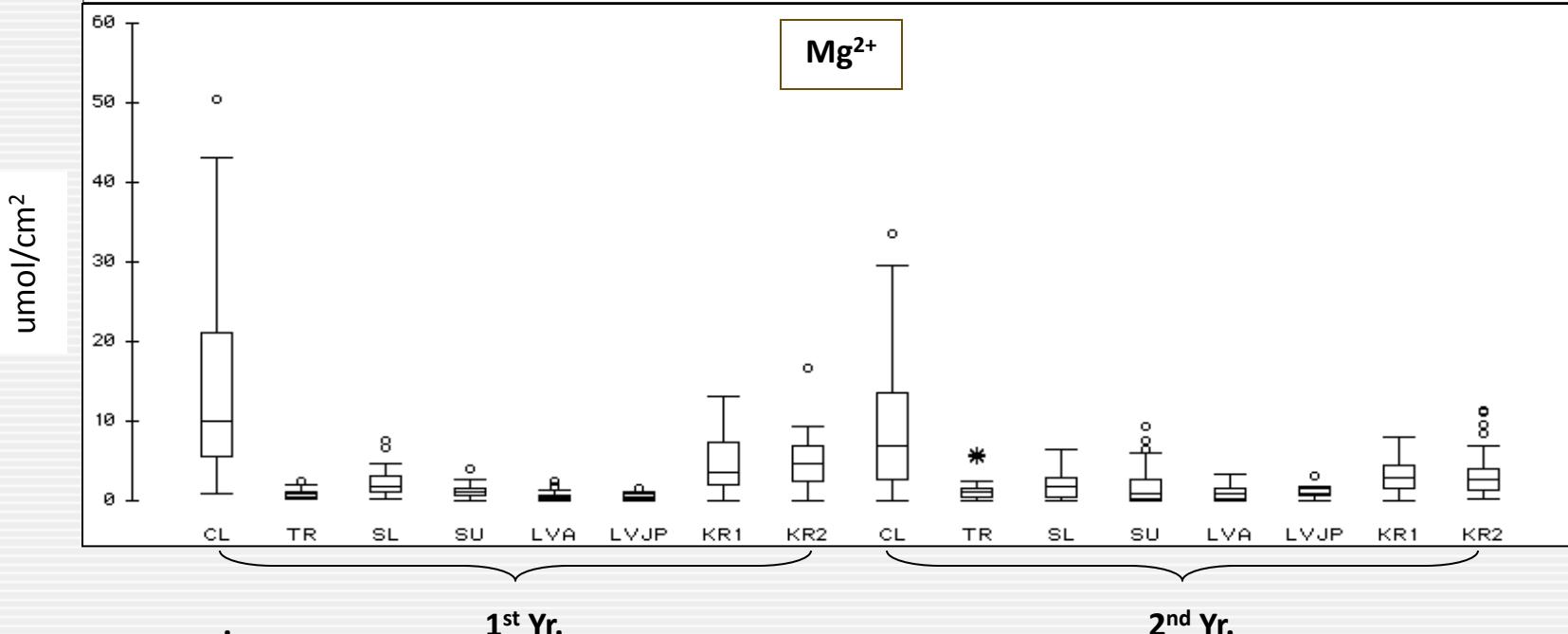
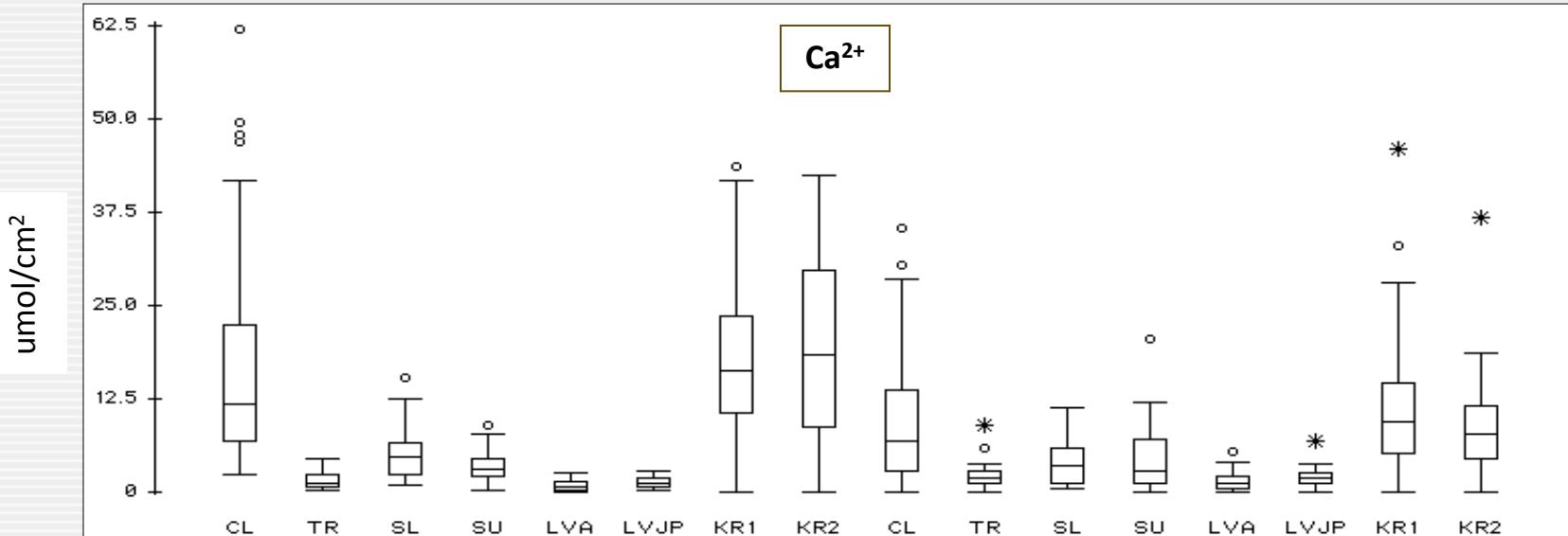
Sagehen Upland Site  
Moderate and Extreme Outlier



# Nutrient Trends Across Sites







# Conclusions



- Biogeochemical “Hot Spots/Moments” are Variable
  - Spatial Variation
  - Seasonal and Annual Variation
- 9 m<sup>2</sup> all Nutrients will Possibly Correlate at a Single Grid
- Water Flow and Nutrient Infiltration Patterns were Extremely Variable
  - Geographic Distribution

# Questions



<http://www.sierranevadaphoto123rf.com>