Asian Clam populations in Emerald Bay: Ecological results and future investigations

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Asian clam discovery in Emerald Bay

- Discovered in 2008
- Potential problem because of aesthetics, nutrient excretion, further spread in to the bay





Emerald Bay

Sill

Lake Tahoe

Jim Markle

3.5 acres (yellow) in 2009

5.5 acres
(red) in
2011

 Low density (1-100 clams/m²)

343 ft

Comparison: 2011 vs. 2009

Google

Asian clam control: Pilot study

Lake Tahoe

Emerald Bay

Plot study: Methods

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May 2011-May 2012: Two 10x100 foot bottom barriers

Pilot study: Data collected

- Dissolved oxygen
- Clam mortality, reproduction
- Currents, velocities, temperature
- Sediment porosity, permeability
- Effect of biological supplementation of the barriers



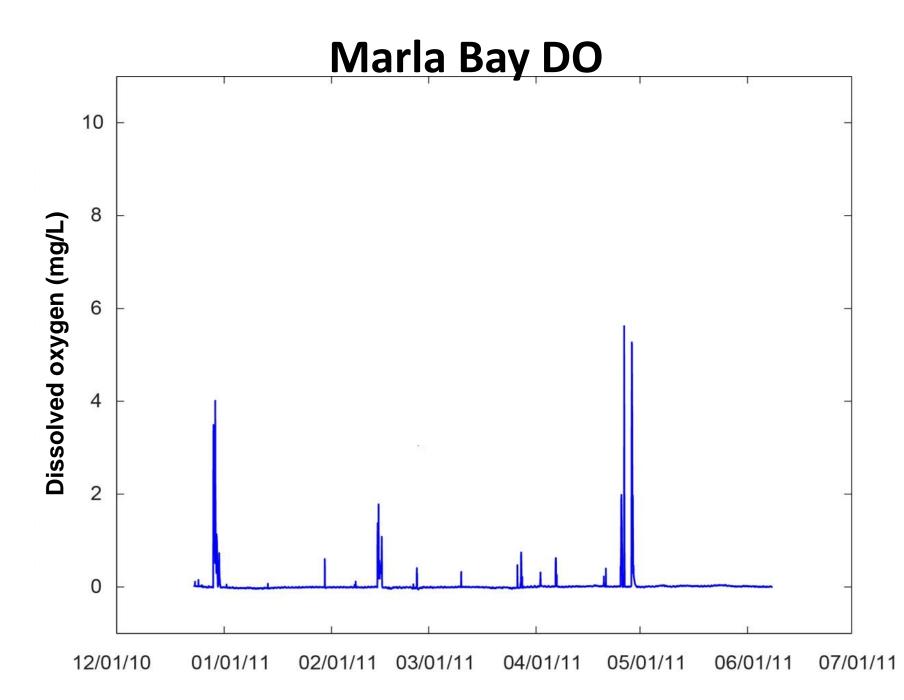
Pilot study: Data collected

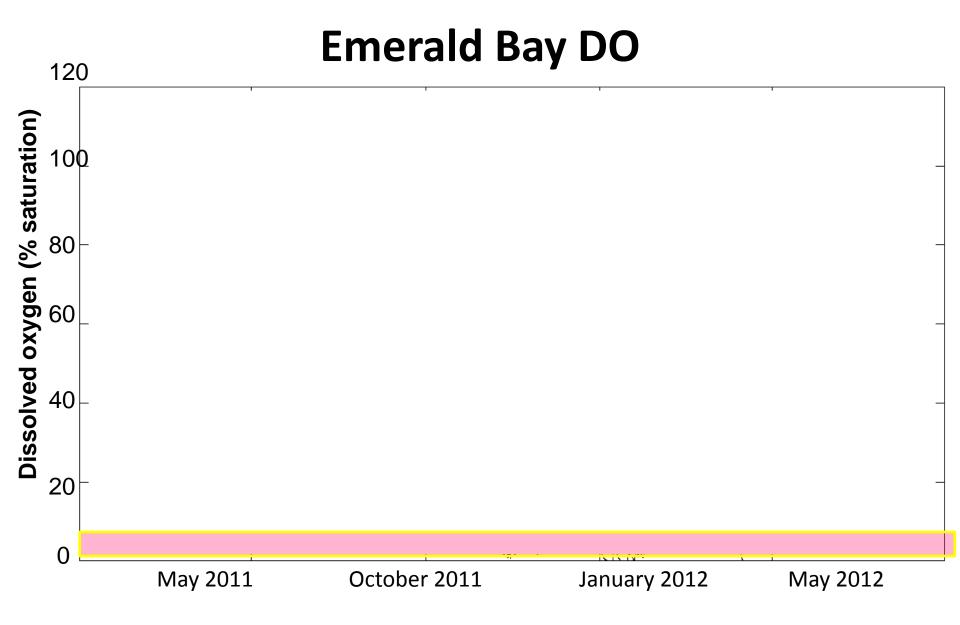
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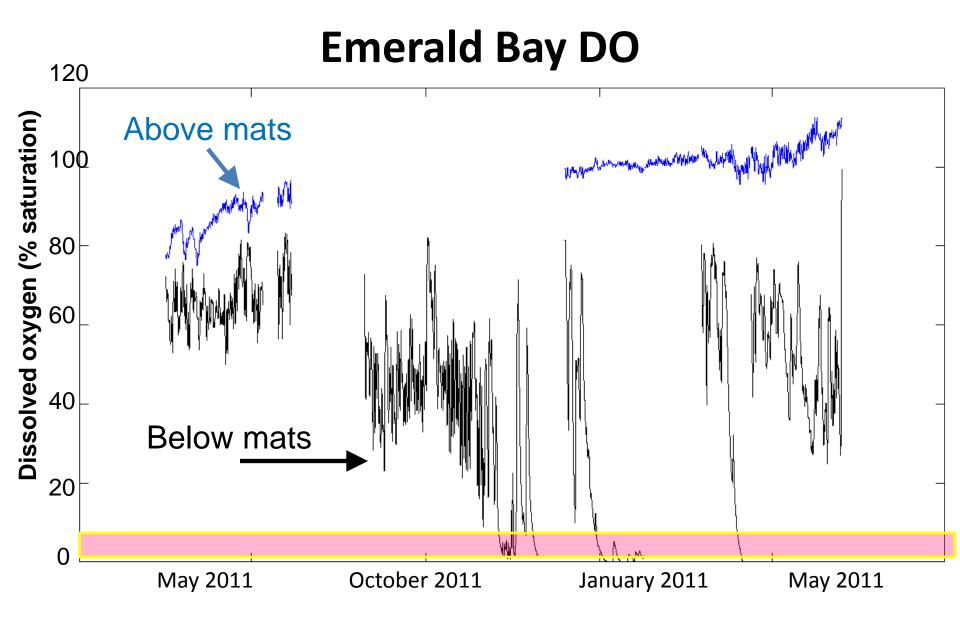


Dissolved oxygen









Monitoring of Barriers for Clam Dynamics

- Ponar, 1 m² quadrats
- Analysis at UNR (Chandra lab)





UCD TERC

Monitoring of Existing Bottom Barriers for Clam Dynamics: Final Results

Control: 14% mortality
Barriers: average 80% mortality
Barrier 1: 88% mortality, Barrier 2: 71% mortality

No significant difference between egg numbers of live clams in barriers vs. controls

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Effect of biological supplementation of bottom barriers

BOD barriers

• Rubber + Jute



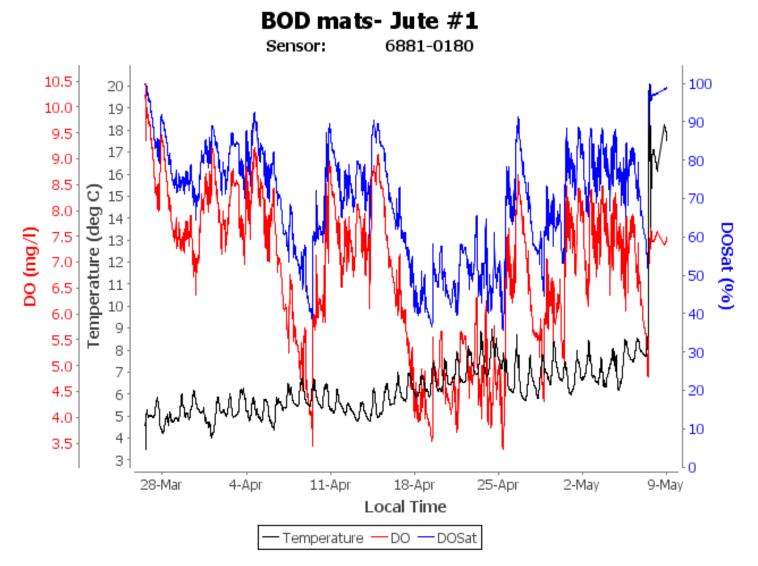
• Rubber + Jute & Straw







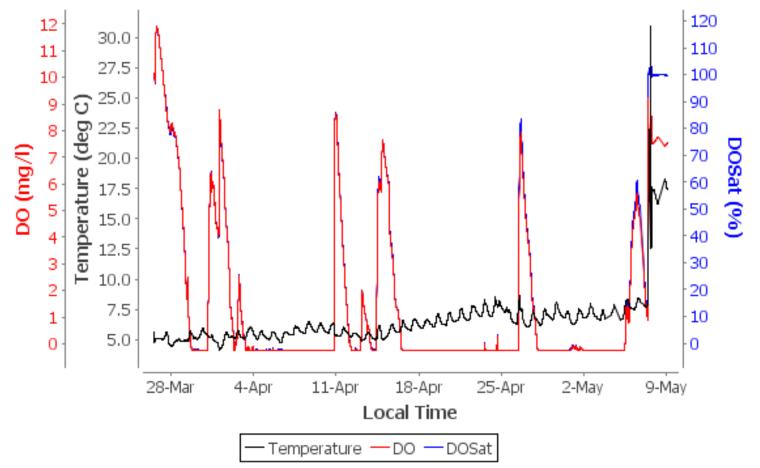
BOD barriers: Jute Results



BOD barriers: Jute + Straw Results

BOD mats- Straw + Jute #1

Sensor: 6881-0190





- Continue: Interpretation of pilot study results
- Continue: Research on causes of patterns in DO fluctuations, biological mechanisms causing clam mortality under the large barriers
- BOD barriers: larger scale, materials

All leading to larger scale management efforts

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